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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/801,649	0:	3/09/2001	Akira Yoda	2091-0234P	3948	
2292	7590	08/09/2006		EXAMINER		
211101101		KOLASCH & BIR	THOMPSON, JAMES A			
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	<b></b>			2625		
				DATE MAILED: 08/09/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/801,649	YODA, AKIRA					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	James A. Thompson	2625					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appo	·						
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ma	ay <u>2006</u> .						
,							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-44</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement						
op claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	, orosaon rogunoment.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 March 2001</u> is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected t drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a)  All b)  Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:						

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#### DETAILED ACTION

#### Priority

1. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in Japan on 09 March 2000. It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the 065276/2000 application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b). Currently, there is no such foreign priority document in the case file.

### Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed 26 May 2000 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding page 15, line 12 to page 17, line 3: This portion of Applicant's arguments are directed to the present amendments to the claims, and not the claims as filed immediately prior to the previous office action, dated 18 January 2006 and mailed 26 January 2006. While the present amendments to the claims overcome the previously cited prior art, additional art has been discovered which teaches the presently amended and newly added claims. New grounds of rejection, which have been necessitated by the present amendments to the claims, are set forth in detail below.

Regarding page 17, lines 4-15: In a portion of Banton (US Patent 5,404,411) cited by Examiner, Banton clearly states that the method can be applied to a full-page image (column 7, lines 6-10 of Banton). Thus, the pixel data in Banton can indeed be interpreted to be equivalent to the original picture data as recited. Furthermore, clear motivations to combine Banton with

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Rhoads (US Patent 5,850,481) have been set forth on page 6, lines 8-18 of said previous office action.

Regarding page 17, line 16 to page 18, line 14: This portion of Applicant's arguments are directed to the present amendments to the claims, and not the claims as filed immediately prior to the previous office action, dated 18 January 2006 and mailed 26 January 2006. New grounds of rejection, which have been necessitated by the present amendments to the claims, are set forth in detail below.

Regarding page 18, line 16 to page 19, line 16: Again, this portion of Applicant's arguments are directed to the present amendments to the claims, and not the claims as filed immediately prior to the previous office action, dated 18 January 2006 and mailed 26 January 2006. New grounds of rejection, which have been necessitated by the present amendments to the claims, are set forth in detail below.

Regarding page 19, line 18 to page 20, line 2: The newly added claims have been fully considered and are addressed in detail below.

Regarding page 20, lines 4-10: One objection that has not yet been addressed at all by Applicant is the objection with respect to the claimed foreign priority. Examiner respectfully requests that the deficiency with respect to the lack of a certified foreign priority document be addressed in Applicant's response to the present office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless - (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claims 1-2, 6-7, 11-12, 16-19, 25-31, 33-35, 37-39 and 41-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Evans (US Patent 6,577,746 B1).

Regarding claims 1, 6 and 11: Evans discloses an image output apparatus (figure 1 of Evans) comprising:

- reading means (figure 1(14) of Evans) for obtaining initial image data (figure 1(30) of Evans) representing an initial image recorded in an original image (column 1, line 66 to column 2, line 1 of Evans) and ID information (watermark ID) for identifying an original picture by reading the original image having at least a portion of the original picture and the ID information inseparable from the original picture (column 2, lines 7-11 and lines 28-32 of Evans). As is well-known in the art, an encoded watermark ID is inseparable from the image.
- storage means (figure 1(34) of Evans) for storing a plurality of sets of original picture data in relation to ID information (column 2, lines 30-35 of Evans).
- reading means (figure 1(22) of Evans) for reading equivalent original picture data ("pristine version") representing an equivalent original picture corresponding to the ID information of the original picture from the storage means (column 2, lines 25-35 of Evans).

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• processing means (figure 1(20) of Evans) for obtaining processed image data for output by comparing the initial image data with the equivalent original picture data and carrying out processing (sizing, rotating, matching, etc.) on the equivalent original picture data (column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).

- output means (figure 1(28) of Evans) for obtaining a print by printing the processed image data (column 3, lines 14-20 and lines 23-28 of Evans).
- the processed image data includes a portion of the equivalent original picture data read from the storage means that corresponds to the at least the portion of the original picture in the initial image data (column 3, lines 14-20 of Evans).
- the portion of the equivalent original picture data in the processed image data geometrically agrees with the at least the portion of the original picture in the initial image (column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).

Further regarding claim 1: The image output apparatus of claim 6 performs the image output method of claim 1.

Further regarding claim 11: The image output apparatus of claim 6 can be embodied on a computer-readable storage medium which causes a computer to execute the steps performed by said image output apparatus (column 4, lines 4-10 of Evans).

Regarding claims 2, 7 and 12: Evans discloses that the ID information is secretly embedded in the initial image (column 2, lines 12-14 and lines 36-39 of Evans). The ID information is in the form of a watermark that is detected from the scanned initial image (column 2, lines 12-14 and lines 36-39 of Evans). Thus, the ID information is secretly embedded in the initial image.

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Regarding claim 16: Evans discloses a method to output image, comprising:

• receiving composition input data (figure 1(30) and column 1, line 66 to column 2, line 1 of Evans), wherein the composition input data includes an input image data, wherein the input image data includes at least a portion of an original picture data with ID information (watermark ID) corresponding to the original picture data embedded therein (column 2, lines 7-11 and lines 28-32 of Evans).

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- extracting the ID information from the input image data (column 2, lines 25-32 of Evans).
- retrieving from storage an original image data corresponding to the ID information (column 2, lines 25-35 of Evans), wherein the original image data includes the original picture data with the related ID information embedded therein (column 3, lines 29-33 of Evans).
- composing an output image data for output (column 3, lines 14-20 and lines 23-28 of Evans) such that at least the portion of the original picture data of the input image data of the composition input data is replaced with a corresponding portion of the original image data retrieved from the storage in the output image data (column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).
- the corresponding portion of the original image data of the output image data geometrically matches with the at least the portion of the original picture in the input image data (column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).

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# Regarding claim 17: Evans discloses:

- extracting the portion of the original image data corresponding to the at least the portion of the original picture data in the input image data (column 2, lines 61-65 and column 3, lines 14-20 of Evans).
- replacing the at least the portion of the original picture data in the input image data of the composition input data with the corresponding portion of the original image data (column 2, line 65 to column 3, line 6 and column 3, lines 14-20 of Evans).

Regarding claim 18: Evans discloses pattern matching the original image data with the input image data (column 2, line 65 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).

Regarding claim 19: Evans discloses that the step of pattern matching includes one or more of scaling, rotating, cropping and translating (column 2, line 65 to column 3, line 2 of Evans).

Regarding claims 25, 26, 27 and 28: Evans discloses that the processing means is configured to:

• extract a portion of the initial image data that does not correspond to the original picture data (figure 1 (portion of 30 that does not contain 31); column 2, lines 7-11; and column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans). The watermarked picture is only a part of the overall document image (figure 1 (portion of 30 that does not contain 31) and column 2, lines 7-11 of Evans). The portion of the initial image data that does not correspond to the original picture data is set aside (extracted) since only the portion of the initial image data that does correspond to the original

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picture data is processed (column 2, line 61 to column 3, line 6 of Evans).

• compose the processed image data for output such that the portion of the initial image data that does not correspond to the original picture data is in the processed image data (column 3, lines 14-28 of Evans).

Regarding claims 29, 33, 37 and 41: Evans discloses that the ID information is embedded within the equivalent original picture data stored in the storage means (column 3, lines 29-32 of Evans).

Regarding claims 30, 34 and 38: Evans discloses that the ID information is embedded within the portion of the equivalent original picture data in the processed image data (column 3, lines 29-32 of Evans).

Regarding claims 31, 35 and 39: Evans discloses that one or more portions of the initial image data other than the at least the portion of the original picture (figure 1 (portion of 30 that does not contain 31) of Evans) are reproduced in the processed image data (column 3, lines 14-28 of Evans).

Regarding claim 42: Evans discloses that the ID information is embedded within the corresponding portion of the original image data in the output image data (column 3, lines 29-32 of Evans).

Regarding claim 43: Evans discloses that one or more portions of the composition input data other than the at least the portion of the original picture data (figure 1 (portion of 30 that does not contain 31) of Evans) are reproduced in the output image data (column 3, lines 14-28 of Evans).

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 3-5, 8-10 and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Evans (US Patent 6,577,746 B1) in view of Kenner (US Patent 5,956,716).

Regarding claims 3, 4, 8, 9, 13 and 14: Evans does not disclose expressly copying prevention processing means for carrying out processing to prevent copying on the processed image data and/or on the print.

Kenner discloses copying prevention processing means (figure 4(58) of Kenner) for carrying out processing (column 25, lines 55-62 of Kenner) to prevent copying on the processed image data and/or on the print (column 25, lines 64-67 and column 26, lines 10-13 of Kenner).

Evans and Kenner are combinable because they are from similar problem solving areas, namely the control of document image data processing and outputting. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include a copying prevention means, as taught by Kenner, based on the embedded copy prevention data taught by Evans. The motivation for doing so would have been to deter unauthorized copying and better enable the authorities to track down copyright violators (column 26, lines 9-11 of

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Kenner). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine
Kenner with Evans to obtain the invention as specified in claims
3, 4, 8, 9, 13 and 14.

Regarding claims 5/1-5/4, 10/6-10/9, and 15/11-15/14: Evans does not disclose expressly information management means for managing a copyright of the original picture based on the ID information.

Kenner discloses information management means (figure 4(90) of Kenner) for managing a copyright of the original picture based on the ID information (column 28, lines 46-52 of Kenner).

Evans and Kenner are combinable because they are from similar problem solving areas, namely the control of document image data processing and outputting. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to manage the copyright information based on the ID information, as taught by Kenner. The motivation for doing so would have been to be able to properly manage the distribution of copyrighted data (column 28, lines 52-58 of Kenner). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Kenner with Evans to obtain the invention as specified in claims 5/1-5/4, 10/6-10/9, and 15/11-15/14.

7. Claims 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Evans (US Patent 6,577,746 B1) in view of Rhoads (US Patent 5,850,481).

Regarding claim 20: Evans does not disclose expressly that the ID information is embedded in the original image data and the input image data in one or more subplanes, wherein a dimension of the original image data is mxn pixels, and wherein each subplane is composed of pxq pixels, p<m and q<n, and the sub-

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planes are spaced apart a predetermined number of pixels from each other.

Rhoads discloses that the ID information is embedded in the original image data (column 22, lines 21-26 of Rhoads) and the input image data (column 19, lines 21-26 of Rhoads) in one or more subplanes (figure 13 and column 35, lines 4-9 of Rhoads), wherein a dimension of the original image data is mxn pixels (figure 13(700) of Rhoads), and wherein each subplane is composed of pxq pixels, p<m and q<n (figure 13(704); figure 16; and column 42, lines 40-46 of Rhoads), and the subplanes are spaced apart a predetermined number of pixels from each other (figure 16 and column 42, lines 40-43 of Rhoads). The ID information shown in figure 16 of Rhoads is clearly an area of pxq pixels where p<m and q<n for an mxn image. The fact that the ID information is "wallpapered" in the background demonstrates that the subplanes if the ID information are spaced apart a predetermined number of pixels from each other.

Evans and Rhoads are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, namely the processing and control of digital watermark data. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to perform subplane embedding of the watermark data according to the teachings of Rhoads. The motivation for doing so would have been that embedding the ID information in subplanes, as taught by Rhoads, improves the embedded information integrity (column 42, lines 38-41 of Rhoads). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Rhoads with Evans to obtain the invention as specified in claim 20.

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Further regarding claim 21: Rhoads discloses that a bit value of the ID information is encoded in the subplanes (figure 17 and column 43, lines 25-33 of Rhoads).

Further regarding claim 22: Rhoads discloses that the ID information is modulated on color channels of the original picture data (column 35, lines 4-8 and lines 25-30 of Rhoads).

Further regarding claim 23: Rhoads discloses that the ID information (figure 17(826) of Rhoads) is modulated onto lower bits of the color channels (column 43, lines 25-33 of Rhoads). As can clearly be seen in figure 17 of Rhoads, the "shadow channel" containing the ID information is in the lower bits of the color channel.

Further regarding claim 24: Rhoads discloses that the color channels are R, G and B (column 56, lines 55-57 of Rhoads).

8. Claims 32, 36, 40 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Evans (US Patent 6,577,746 B1) in view of Godlewski (US Patent 3,852,088).

Regarding claims 32, 36, 40 and 44: Evans does not disclose expressly that the processed (output) image data are printed on a print medium with a copyguard feature.

Godlewski discloses printing on a printing medium with a copyguard feature (figure 2; figure 3; and column 3, line 50 to column 4, line 17 of Godlewski).

Evans and Godlewski are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor, namely the control of document copying and distribution. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use a copyquard feature when printing the output data on a

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print medium, as taught by Godlewski. The motivation for doing so would have been to inhibit illegal or unauthorized reproduction of classified or copyrighted information (column 1, lines 2-5 of Godlewski). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Godlewski with Evans to obtain the invention as specified in claims 32, 36, 40 and 44.

#### Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James A. Thompson whose telephone number is 571-272-7441. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:00PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on 571-272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

James A. Thompson

Examiner

Technology Division 2625

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02 August 2006

DAVID MOORE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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